



GCE

## Mathematics (MEI)

Advanced GCE 4752

Concepts for Advanced Mathematics (C2)

# Mark Scheme for June 2010

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## SECTION A

<b>1</b>	[1], $\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{4}$	<b>2</b>	<b>B1</b> for [1], $\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}$
<b>2 (i)</b>	$2\frac{1}{12}$ or $\frac{25}{12}$ or 2.08(3...)	<b>2</b>	<b>M1</b> for $\frac{1}{1} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4}$
<b>2 (ii)</b>	$\sum_{r=2}^6 r(r+1)$ o.e.	<b>2</b>	<b>M1</b> for $[f(r) =] r(r+1)$ o.e. <b>M1</b> for $[a =] 6$
<b>3 (i)</b>	$3x^2 - 12x - 15$	<b>2</b>	<b>M1</b> if one term incorrect or an extra term is included.
<b>3 (ii)</b>	Their $\frac{dy}{dx} = 0$ s.o.i. $x = 5$ $x = -1$	<b>M1</b> <b>B1</b> <b>B1</b>	
<b>4</b>	crossing $x$ -axis at 0 and 2.5 min at $(1.25, -6.25)$ crossing $x$ -axis at 0 and 5 min at $(2.5, -18.75)$	<b>1</b> <b>1</b> <b>1</b> <b>1</b>	
<b>5</b>	$x - \frac{6x^{-2}}{-2}$ o.e. their $[5 + \frac{3}{25}] - [2 + \frac{3}{4}]$ $= 2.37$ o.e. c.a.o.	<b>2</b> <b>M1</b> <b>A1</b>	M1 for 1 term correct Dependent on at least <b>M1</b> already earned i.s.w.
<b>6</b>	attempt to integrate $6x^2 + 12x^{\frac{1}{2}}$ $[y =] 2x^3 + 8x^{1.5} + c$  Substitution of (4, 10) $[y =] 2x^3 + 8x^{1.5} - 182$ or $c = -182$	<b>M1</b> <b>A2</b>  <b>M1</b> <b>A1</b>	accept un-simplified; <b>A1</b> for 2 terms correct  dependent on attempted integral with $+ c$ term
<b>7</b>	$3.5 \log_a x$ or $k = 3.5$	<b>2</b>	<b>B1</b> for $3 \log_a x$ or $\frac{1}{2} \log_a x$ or $\log_a x^{3/2}$ seen

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<b>8</b> Subst. of $1 - \cos^2 \theta$ or $1 - \sin^2 \theta$ $5 \cos^2 \theta = 1$ or $5 \sin^2 \theta = 4$ $\cos \theta = \pm \sqrt{\text{their } \frac{1}{5}}$ or $\sin \theta = \pm \sqrt{\text{their } \frac{4}{5}}$ o.e.  63.4, 116.6, 243.4, 296.6	<b>M1</b> <b>A1</b> <b>M1</b>  <b>B2</b>	Accept to nearest degree or better; <b>B1</b> for 2 correct (ignore any extra values in range).
<b>9</b> $\log 18 = \log a + n \log 3$ and $\log 6 = \log a + n \log 2$ $\log 18 - \log 6 = n (\log 3 - \log 2)$  $n = 2.71$ to 2 d.p. c.a.o.  $\log 6 = \log a + 2.70951\dots \log 2$ o.e. $a = 0.92$ to 2 d.p. c.a.o.	<b>M1*</b> <b>DM1</b>  <b>A1</b>  <b>M1</b> <b>A1</b>	or $18 = a \times 3^n$ and $6 = a \times 2^n$ $3 = \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^n$ $n = \frac{\log 3}{\log 1.5} = 2.71$ c.a.o.  $6 = a \times 2^{2.70951}$ o.e. $= 0.92$ c.a.o.

Section A Total: 36

## SECTION B

<b>10 (i)</b> $\frac{dy}{dx} = 4x^3$ when $x = 2$ , $\frac{dy}{dx} = 32$ s.o.i.  when $x = 2$ , $y = 16$ s.o.i. $y = 32x - 48$ c.a.o.	<b>M1</b> <b>A1</b> <b>B1</b> <b>A1</b>	i.s.w.
<b>10 (ii)</b> 34.481	<b>2</b>	<b>M1</b> for $\frac{2.1^4 - 2^4}{0.1}$
<b>10 (iii) (A)</b> $16 + 32h + 24h^2 + 8h^3 + h^4$ c.a.o.	<b>3</b>	<b>B2</b> for 4 terms correct <b>B1</b> for 3 terms correct
<b>10 (iii) (B)</b> $32 + 24h + 8h^2 + h^3$ or ft	<b>2</b>	<b>B1</b> if one error
<b>10 (iii) (C)</b> as $h \rightarrow 0$ , result $\rightarrow$ their 32 from (iii) (B)  gradient of tangent is limit of gradient of chord	<b>1</b>  <b>1</b>	

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<b>11 (a)</b>	$10.6^2 + 9.2^2 - 2 \times 10.6 \times 9.2 \times \cos 68^\circ$ o.e. $QR = 11.1(3\dots)$ $\frac{\sin 68}{\text{their } QR} = \frac{\sin Q}{9.2}$ or $\frac{\sin R}{10.6}$ o.e. $Q = 50.01..\degree$ or $R = 61.98..\degree$ $\text{bearing} = 174.9$ to $175^\circ$	<b>M1</b> <b>A1</b> <b>M1</b> <b>A1</b> <b>B1</b>	Or correct use of Cosine Rule 2 s.f. or better
<b>11 (b) (i)</b>	$(A) \frac{1}{2} \times 80^2 \times \frac{2\pi}{3}$ $= \frac{6400\pi}{3}$	<b>M1</b> <b>A1</b>	6702.(...) to 2 s.f. or more
<b>11 (b) (ii)</b>	$DC = 80 \sin(\frac{\pi}{3}) = 80 \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ $\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2} \times \text{their DA} \times 40\sqrt{3}$ or $\frac{1}{2} \times 40\sqrt{3} \times 80 \times \sin(\text{their DCA})$ o.e. $\text{area of triangle} = 800\sqrt{3}$ or $1385.64\dots$ to 3s.f. or more	<b>B1</b> <b>M1</b> <b>A1</b>	both steps required s.o.i.
<b>11 (b) (iii)</b>	$\text{area of } \frac{1}{4} \text{ circle} = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{\pi}{2} \times (40\sqrt{3})^2$ o.e. $"6702" + "1385.6" - "3769.9"$ $= 4300$ to $4320$	<b>M1</b> <b>M1</b> <b>A1</b>	$[=3769.9\dots]$ i.e. their(b) (i) + their (b) (ii) – their $\frac{1}{4}$ circle o.e. $933\frac{1}{3}\pi + 800\sqrt{3}$

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<b>12 (i)</b> <b>(A)</b>	1024	<b>2</b>	<b>M1</b> for number of buds = $2^{10}$ s.o.i.
<b>12 (i)</b> <b>(B)</b>	2047	<b>2</b>	<b>M1</b> for $1+2+4+\dots+2^{10}$ or for $2^{11}-1$ or (their 1024) + 512 + 256 +...+ 1
<b>12 (ii)</b> <b>(A)</b>	no. of nodes = $1 + 2 + \dots + 2^{n-1}$ s.o.i. $\frac{7 \times (2^n - 1)}{2-1}$	<b>1</b> <b>1</b>	no. of leaves = $7 + 14 + \dots + 7 \times 2^{n-1}$
<b>12 (ii)</b> <b>(B)</b>	$7(2^n - 1) > 200\ 000$  $2^n > \frac{200\ 000}{7} + 1$ or $\frac{200\ 007}{7}$  $n \log 2 > \log(\frac{200\ 007}{7})$ and completion to given ans  [ $n =$ ] 15 c.a.o.	<b>M1</b>  <b>M1</b>  <b>B1</b>	or $\log 7 + \log 2^n > \log 200\ 007$

**Section B Total: 36**